

Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg. 42+8=50, will be treated as malpractice. Important Note : 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.

15EC52

(08 Marks)

(02 Marks)

- **6** a. Derive the DIT-FFT algorithm.
 - b. Find number of complex multiplications and complex additions in finding 512 point DFT.

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- c. Find the 4-point real sequence x(n) if its 4-point DFT samples are X(0) = 6, X(1) = -2+j2, X(2) = -2. Use DIF-FFT algorithm. (06 Marks)
- 7 a. Draw the block diagrams of direct form-I and direct form-II realization for a digital IIR filter described by the system function.

H(z) =
$$\frac{8z^3 - 4z^2 + 11z - 2}{\left(z - \frac{1}{4}\right)\left(z^2 - z + \frac{1}{2}\right)}$$
.

H(z) =

b. Obtain a parallel realization for the system described by,

 $(1 + z^{-1})(1 + 2z^{-1})$

(08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

(08 Marks)

- 8 a. Design an analog bandpass filter to meet the following frequency domain specifications:
 - (i) a 3.0103 dB upper and lower cut-off frequency of 50 Hz and 20 kHz.
 - (ii) a stopband attenuation of atleast 20 dB at 20 Hz and 45 kHz and
 - (iii) a monotonic frequency response.
 - b. Let $H_a(s) = \frac{s+a}{(s+a)^2 + b^2}$ be a casual second order transfer function. Show that the casual

second order digital function H(z) is obtained from $H_a(s)$ through impulse invariance method is given by,

$$H(z) = \frac{1 - e^{-aT} \cos bT z^{-T}}{1 - 2 \cos bT e^{-aT} z^{-1} + e^{-2aT} z^{-2}}.$$
 (08 Marks)

9 a. The desired frequency response of a low pass filter is given by,

$$H_{d}(e^{jw}) = H_{d}(w) = \begin{cases} e^{-j3w}, & |w| < \frac{3\pi}{4} \\ 0, & \frac{3\pi}{4} < |w| < \pi \end{cases}$$

Determine the frequency response of the FIR filter if Hamming window is used with N = 7. (08 Marks)

b. Determine the co-efficients K_m of the lattice filter corresponding to FIR filter described by the system function,

$$H(z) = 1 + 2z^{-1} + \frac{1}{2}z^{-2}$$

Also, draw the corresponding second order lattice structure.

(08 Marks)



10 a. A low pass filter is to be designed with the following desired frequency response:

$$H_{d}(e^{jw}) = H_{d}(w) = \begin{cases} e^{-j^{2}w}, & |w| < \frac{\pi}{4} \\ 0, & \frac{\pi}{4} < |w| < \pi \end{cases}.$$

Determine the filter co-efficients $h_d(n)$ and h(n) if w(n) is a rectangular window defined as follows:

$$w_{R}(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \le n \le 4 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

b.

Also find the frequency response, H(w) of the resulting FIR filter. (06 Marks) Realize the linear-phase FIR filter having the following impulse response.

$$h(n) = \delta(n) + \frac{1}{4}\delta(n-1) - \frac{1}{8}\delta(n-2) + \frac{1}{4}\delta(n-3) + \delta(n-4).$$
 (06 Marks)

c. Realize an FIR filter with impulse response h(n) given by,

$$\mathbf{h}(\mathbf{n}) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\mathbf{n}} \left[\mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n}) - \mathbf{u}(\mathbf{n}-4)\right]$$

Using direct form – I.

(04 Marks)